COMPTEL Constraints on ^{60}Fe Emission from ^{26}Al Sources

R. Diehl, U. Wessolowski, S. Plüschke, A. Iyudin, V. Schönfelder, A.W. Strong (MPE Garching), H. Bloemen, W. Hermsen (SRON Utrecht), D. Morris, J. Ryan (UNH Durham), K. Bennett, C. Winkler (ESTEC Noordwijk), J. Knödlseder (CESR/UPS Toulouse), U. Oberlack (Columbia University New York)

^{60}Fe production from core-collapse supernovae is predicted to follow the spatial distribution of ^{26}Al sources, if supernovae produce essentially all of ^{26}Al in the galaxy. We use the map of ^{26}Al sources derived from COMPTEL measurements to constrain such correlated ^{60}Fe emission. With more observations and improved background-handling methods we are able to show that the theoretical prediction under above assumption of a flux ratio in the radioactivity lines from ^{60}Fe and ^{26}Al of $\sim$16% appears too high. The implications of this finding with respect to ^{26}Al and ^{60}Fe production sources will be discussed.